REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching data sources maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing this collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of including suggestions for reducing this burden to Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Parations and Reports (0704-0188), 14thyway, Suits 2004, Arington, V. 22204-4902. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no parson shall be subject to any post post collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number. PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR FORM TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS. 1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY) 2. REPORT TYPE Technical Papers 3. DATES COVERED 5a. CONTRACT NUMBER 5c. PROGRAM ELEMI 5b. GRANT NUMBER 5c. PROGRAM ELEMI 7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) 8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) 8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION PROGRAM AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) 9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) 10. SPONSOR/MONITACRONYM(S) 11. SPONSOR/MONITACRONYM(S) 11. SPONSOR/MONITACRONYM(S)	s, gathering and information, 215 Jefferson Davis ling to comply with a (From - To)
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FROM: PROI (TI) (STINFO)

10 November 1999

SUBJECT: Authorization for Release of Technical Information, Control Number: AFRL-PR-ED-TP-1999-0215 Veselenak, J., "Successful R&D Leveraging using T2 Mechanisms: Dual Use Polyhedral Oligomeric Silsesquioxane (POSS) Nanotechnology"

DoD Technology Transfer Integrated Planning Team Meeting

(Statement A)

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15. SUBJECT TERM	IS				
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41 items enclosed

Standard Form 298 (Rev. 8-98) Prescribed by ANSI Std. 239.18 ABSTRACT CLEARED 12 AVENST 1999

Technical Abstract for DoD Technology Transfer Integrated Planning Team Meeting in Lake Tahoe, NV, Nov 16-18, 1999

AFRL-PR-ED-TP-FY99-062

Title: Military and Commercial Benefits of AFRL POSS Technology: Leveraging R&D Investments under Technology Transfer [This will be a slide presentation only.]

200-400 word abstract required by Army TTO, 12 Aug 99:

In an attempt to meet the U.S. Air Force's demand for a new generation of lighter weight, higher performance polymeric materials, the U.S. Air Force Office of Scientific Research and the U.S. Air Force Research Laboratory Propulsion Directorate have, for the past six years, pursued the development of new chemical feedstock technologies based on Polyhedral Oligomeric Silsesquioxanes (POSS).

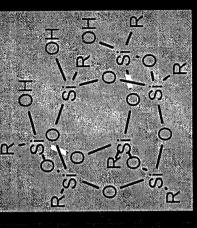
Within six years this investment has paid off with the development and large-scale production of the first new polymer feedstocks in the past forty years. POSS technology is also the only hybrid and nanostructured, silicon-based chemical feedstock technology developed to date. Because of its chemical nature (an inorganic core with organic side arms), POSS technology is easily incorporated into common plastics via copolymerization or blending and hence requires little or no alteration to existing manufacturing processes. POSS additives radically upgrade the thermal and physical properties of most plastics.

The Hybrid Polymer Team is composed of highly motivated technology champions from not only the Air Force, but industry and academia as well. The Directorate has formed relatively seamless strategic alliances with the University of Dayton Research Institute, Hybrid Plastics, LLC, University of California at Irvine, Michigan State University, and the University of Michigan. As a result, the Air Force in-house team has been able to bring in over a hundred thousand dollars per year of non-Air Force money from small and medium sized chemical companies through use of the Cooperative Research and Development Agreement mechanism. In fact, their fiscal year 2000 commercial reimbursement may exceed \$250,000. Thus, the directorate's core competency has been sustained even though the number of Air Force assigned personnel has declined in response to significant budget cuts to Air Force Propulsion R&D.

POSS partnerships have paid off in several respects. First, they have leveraged Air Force funds (6.1, New World Vistas, and 6.2) and DoD (Dual Use Science & Technology Program) funds with other government (the Commerce Department's Advanced Technology Program) and industry investment to help incorporate the technology into dual use applications. Second, the partnerships' developmental work has resulted in promising potential applications, including lower erosion rocket motor insulation; plastic rocket engine ducting; long duration, supersonic jet canopies; nanostructured lubricants; and atomic oxygen and ultraviolet resistant coatings. This network of partnerships, made possible under multiple Technology Transfer mechanisms, serves as a model for successful public-private R&D collaboration.

Successful R&D Leveraging using T2 Oligomeric Silsesquioxane (POSS) Mechanisms: Dual Use Polyhedral Nanotechnology

Manager, Technology Outreach Group Air Force Research Laboratory Propulsion Directorate Jeff Veselenak

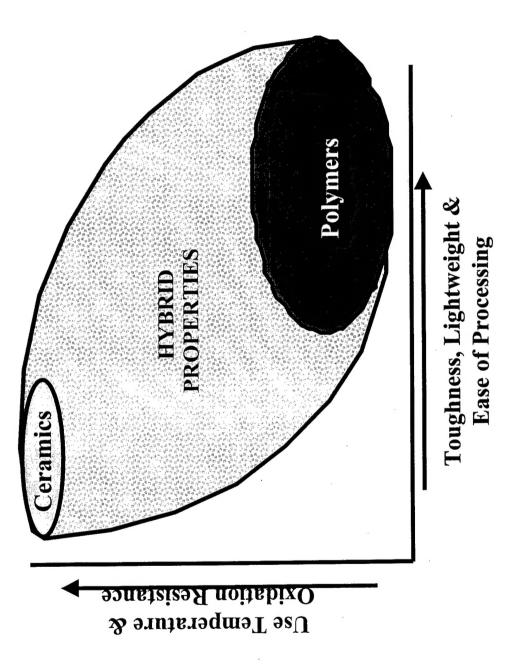


for the

DoD Technology Transfer Integrated Planning Team Incline Village, Nevada 18 Nov 1999

Propulsion (Air Force) Technology is Limited by Material Properties

Goal: Develop High Performance Polymers that REDEFINE material properties



·Hybrid plastics can bridge the barrier between ceramics and polymers

Anatomy of a POSS Molecule

Nonreactive organic (R) groups for solubilization and compatibilization.

for polymerization or graffing. (organic-inorganic) framework. One or more reactive groups **Thermally and chemically** robust hybrid

Precise macromeric three-dimensional structure for molecular level reinforcement of polymer segments and coils.

Property Enhancements via POSS

Observed in POSS-Copolymers and Blends

increased T

increased T dec

enhanced blend miscibility

> reduced flammability

extended temperature range

oxidation resistance

> reduced heat evolution

increased oxygen permeability

altered mechanicals

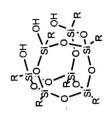
lower density

lower thermal conductivity

reduced viscosity

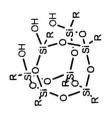
> disposal as silica

thermoplastic or curable



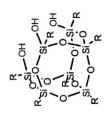
Events Facilitated by DoD T2

- 1996: Assignment of novel POSS structure and processing methods (patents) to UDRI
- CRADA concept with UDRI--materials synthesis for 1996: Execution of a conduit (third party client) reimbursement
- 1997: Polymer Working Group received AFOSR Star Team Award
- 1997: Significant increase of commercial interest in AFRL's POSS technology
- 1997: Inclusion of commercial funding into POSS R&D



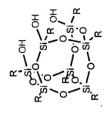
Events Facilitated by DoD T2

- 1998: Spin out of a commercial source (Hybrid Plastics, LLC (HP)) for bulk POSS monomer production
- 1998: Award of \$2M NIST ATP grant to HP
- 1998: Execution of a conduit CRADA between AFRL/PR and HP
- 1998: Tiger Team Assessment recommends WTN analysis
- 1999: WTN completes commercialization report
- 1999: Polymer Working Group and HP Team nominated for Gen Yates and FLC Awards



T2 Mechanisms Employed

- CRADAs Hybrid Plastics, UDRI
- SBIR Contract Maxdem (Polymeric Ducting and Housing)
- DUS&T TIA Wright Materials Research (aircraft canopies and radomes)
- PIA WTN (commercialization of POSS, supplying applied research contacts)
- MOA/MOU JPL/NASA: the movement towards funding for space experiments



POTENTIAL MARKETS

- Rocket Propulsion Applications
- Air-Breathing Propulsion Applications
- Fire Resistant Materials
- Wire Insulation
- Contact Lenses
- Sporting Goods
- Blow Molded Films (Trash/Storage Bags)

- High Temperature epoxies and Resins
- Compounded Rubber
- Electronic PackagingOptical Plastics
- Dental Composites
- Structural Plastics
- R&D Chemicals

	Families of 1	of POSS-addition polymers		
		Families of POSS-condensation polymers	densation polymer	S
PC cat: U	POSS 4 POSS catalysis Architect	4 POSS-Polymer scale-up method developed 0.5 kg +		International interest "Targeted"
POSS triol	POSS monomer polymerization verified	POSS reagent process improvement	POMS monomers developed	resin development "Synthetic / processing" advances
 Technic	Technical Advances ————		A. A. O. V. V. V. A. A.	

	ı g
1998+	Commercialization oduct orations t 3rd patent issued
1997	Commer DoD product collaborations patent 3rd passued issued
1996	Collabor collabor issued
1995	POSS-monomer tree completed (catalog) 1st patent issued
1994	s t
1993	Non DoD industrial product collaborations
1992	
1991	POSS nanocluster concept funded by PL and AFOSR
1989	Milestones
1965 1989	Mile

1998+

HIGH-Performatings NEIDENGIGE SIGNER SINGLES

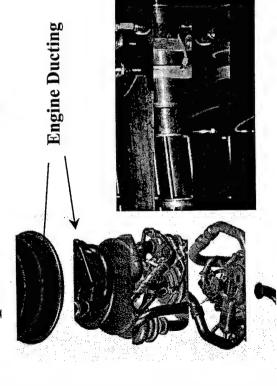
- Plastic tubing and ducting for liquid rockets engines
- Thigh temperature case and motor insulation for solid rockets
- Space-resistant materials and coatings
- High-temperature canopies and has been delinibricants

A TEX INDIVIDIGIY OFFICE Versatility!

Plastics for Rockets

Crucial to Reducing Weight and Cost

Liquid Rocket Engines

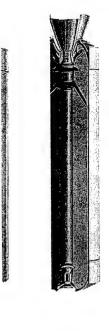


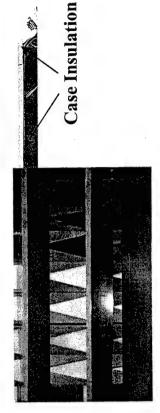
Polymer Tube/Case Hot Gas Burst Tester

Plastic Engine Ducting (SSME)

- 80% duct weight decrease
- 15% upper stage thrust-to-weight increase
- 3 candidates selected, SBIR, DUS&T

Solid Rocket Motors





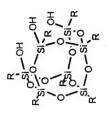
Char Motor Polymer Insulation Samples

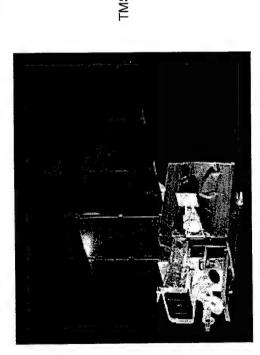
50% Lower Erosion Insulation

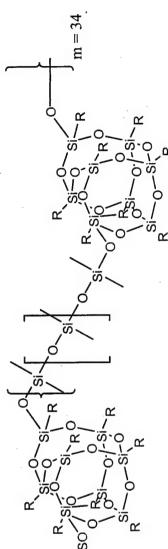
- Cuts Booster Insulation weight 44%
 - Increases Booster Payload 7.4%

Current testing with motor mfr. (30 lbs. POSS!) 25% weight reduction & 6% density decrease

Crucial to Reducing Weight and Cost POSS Materials for Space







POSS-PDMS copolymers

Satellites & Space Systems

POSS Nanocomposite Payoffs

- Maximum Space Resistance
 LEO, Atomic Oxygen (AO), VUV,
 Micro Impact
- 10% Lower Density
- · High Modulus
- Resins for all Structural Applications

Simulated 3 mo. AO/VUV Exposure

- 10x greater AO resistance than current state of art
- Even better AO/VUV resistance
- Annealing of surface microcracks!!!
- Space-Inflatables (AFRL/ML)

JPL collaboration, AO studies with Prof. Gar Hoflund, VUV with AFRL/ML

High Temperature & Lightweight POSS Materials for Aerospace



Jet Canopies

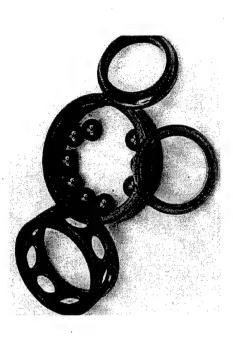


POSS-based Transparent Materials

- Mach 2.x speeds limited by plastic canopy (need increased HDT)
- reduced by increasing flight speed Target Engagement Times can be

POSS-polycarbonate currently being prepared DUS&T with Wright Materials Research Combining with nanocellular foam process POSS-MMA increases use temp. by 150 °C

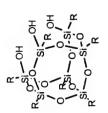
Crucial Lubricant Applications



Nanostructured Lubricants

- Current lubricants limited to 400 °F
- POSS based lubricants $T_{dec} = 590$ °F
- · Desire a fluid with working temperature range of -40° to 600° F (IHPTET)





Addressing Propulsion Needs for High Performance Materials

 Lightweight, high-strength, high-temperature, & reduced cost

Combine innovation with practicality

Strong joint research effort with AFRL/ML-Materials Directorate

Dual-use applications leveraged approach

AFRL/PR-West Research Group (+ Future)

Dr. Tim Haddad & Traudi Walker:

Basic Research - POSS size and R group effects Applications - Jet Canopy, Radomes, Space

Dr. Rusty Blanski & Justin Leland:

Propulsion Applications - Lubes, Capacitors, Insulation Basic Research - POSS blends and additives

Dr. Shawn Phillips & Dawn Hilton:

Applications - LRE ducting tubing, Insulation Basic Research - high temp. polymers

Basic Research - NWV Polymer Processing, blending Applications - capacitors, insulation

Lt. Rene Gonzalez

Pat Ruth:

Space-Resistant Materials, High-temp. polymers

Synthetic Post-Doc:

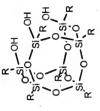
Basic Research - R group effects Applications - Case Insulation Commercial - Customer X

2 Polymer Post-Docs + Assistant:

Commercial - Hybrid Plastics ATP, Customer X Applications - Insulation, Tubing and Ducting Basic Research - R group effects

AFRL Collaborations, Alliances, and Customers





POSS Monomers

Hybrid Plastics: CA, Supply of bulk POSS monomers for AF research Dr. Jim Spain: Tyndall AFB, POSS monomers via biocatalysis Prof. Frank Feher*: UC Irvine, POSS molecule synthesis Prof. Rick Laine*: U. of Mich., POSS molecule synthesis

POSS Polymers

Dr. Pat Mather: AFRL/ML, POSSnorbornyl, POSSpolyurethanes Dr. Rich Vaia: AFRL/ML, POSSparmax, POSS/Clay Comp. Prof. Andre Lee*: Mich. State U., POSSepoxy polymers Prof. Ben Hsiao*: New York U., POSSpolyurethanes Dr. Bill Wallace: NIST, Si-O-Si formation/opening Dr. Jeff Gilman*: NIST, POSS ablative studies

POSS Computational

Dr. Mark Gordon: Iowa State U., POSS formation, POSS polymers Dr. Barry Farmer: AFRL/ML, POSS polymers

Funding: AFRL, AFOSR, other

*Directly Funded by AFRL/PRSM

For the Collaborations, Alliances, and Customers

Rocket Propulsion and Space Applications

2 Customers + JPL

Fluorinated POSS

2 Customers

AFRL/PRSKF **POSS Lubes**

UDR

(20k FY99)

(0K FY00)

Hybrid Plastics

(40k FY99)

120 (180k FY00)

Fire-safe Plastics Jet canopies/ Optical transparencies

Customer

Commercial Sales

Aldrich/Gelest

Customer/NIST/FAA

(60-150K FY00)

Commercialization Support

Gas Separation Customer

(60-120K FY00/01)

...and approximately 20 other proprietary customers.

Departing Champions

Monomer Production for Dual Use Applications AFRL Labor Drain Associated with POSS Prior to Spin Out of Hybrid Plastics, LLC

• 1 On site contracted PhD.

- Full Time

1 DR-II (GS-12 equiv.)

- Full Time

1 On site contracted technician

- Full Time

1/4 Time

• 1 DR-III (GS-14 PhD. equiv.)

Over \$300K per year in salaries

Hybrid Plastics' Key Strategic Alliances

Air Force Research Laboratory

Propulsion Sciences and Advanced Concepts Directorate Edwards Air Force Base, CA

Accelerate Technology

Small Business Development Center Irvine, CA

University of Dayton Research Institute

Special Programs & Technology Commercialization Dayton, OH

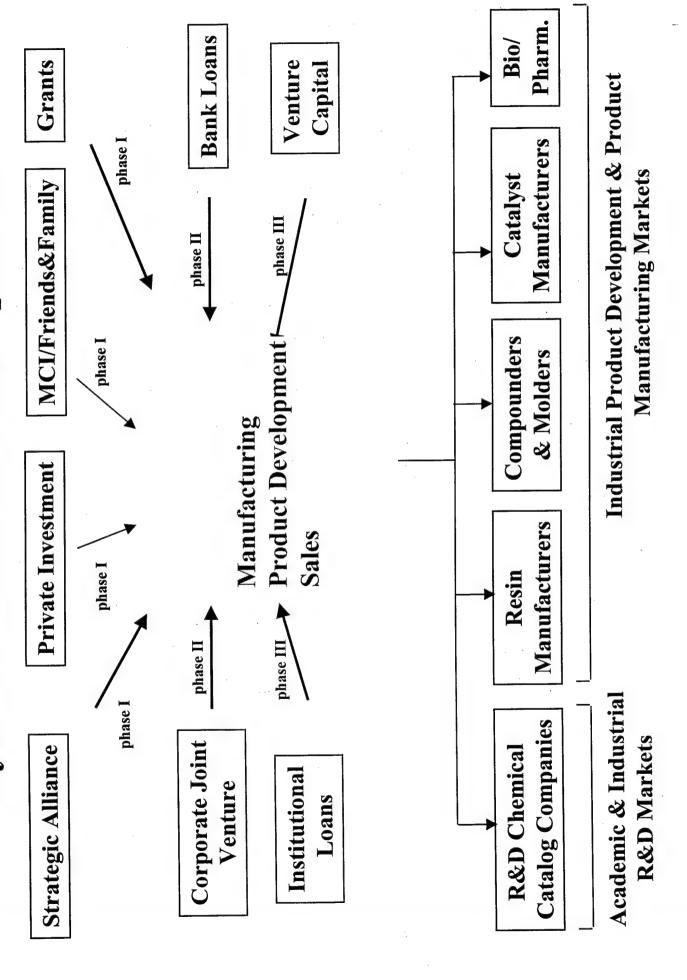
University of California Irvine

Department of Chemistry & Office of Technology Alliances Irvine, CA

National Institute of Standards and Technology

Advanced Technology Program Gaithersburg, MD

Hybrid Plastics' Business Spectrum



AFRL FY99-01 Polymer Research Goals

Polymer Synthesis/Characterization Studies

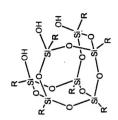
- Reaction rates of POSS cages during copolymerization
- Type of POSS polymer formed (Bead vs. Pendant)
- Differences in size of POSS cages (Bead and Pendant)
- Varying non-reactive R groups (miscibility vs. agglomeration)

Polymer Processing

- POSS miscibility for blends (R group effect)
- Processing environment on polymer structure how does this effect physical and mechanical properties?
- Innovative processing techniques
- · Blend miscibility of two different POSS polymers

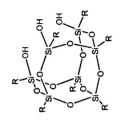
Polymer Studies Rely on Ability to Manipulate POSS Cages!!

The Future



Push AFRL/PR and AF POSS Applications:

- Integrated High Payoff Rocket Propulsion Technology goals
- (ML) DOD (Green Missile), NASA/JPL, DOC Synergy: Division (PRSL), Directorate (PRPE), AFRL (NIST/FAA)
- Designed silicates (Clays, etc.,)
- Polymeric Cements (Geobond)
- Organometallic Polymers
- Functionally Graded Polymers (adhesion, property changes)
- Multi-Organometal Polymer Systems (smart systems)



What did AFRL gain?

Increased 6.1/6.2 R&D leveraging using a conduit CRADA

External customer funds (approx.):

• FY97

\$80K

• FY98

50K

90K

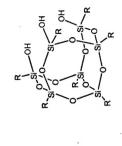
• FY99

71000

• FY00

est. 300K

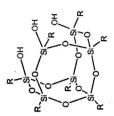
A commercial source of POSS monomer materials for research



What did AFRL gain?

- Reduced, via commercial outsourcing, the labor drain associated with:
- POSS monomer production a technology we already developed and patented
- POSS marketing
- Sustained a DoD core competency/center of excellence using "out of the box" approaches

Lessons Learned from the Transfer of POSS Nanotechnology



- T2 champions are needed on both sides of the fence-a network of partnerships is best
- The champion S&Es should have an entrepreneurial interest in the advancement of the technology
- S&T funding cuts forced champions to think "out of the box" to advance the technology
- To gain trust of collaborators, the DoD must be diligent at protecting proprietary information-including its own
- The DoD must be aggressive with patenting its IP in hot fields